

Agreement Among Pairs of Justices

The following tables show the percentage of decisions in which every possible pair of justices found themselves on the same side—either both in the majority or both dissenting.¹ The first table covers all 295 decisions; the second table narrows its focus to decisions that were not unanimous. When reading the *second* table, for instance, one finds that Justices Wilkie and Beilfuss voted together in 70% of the decisions, while the figure for Justices Hallows and R. Hansen was 30%.

Agreement Between Pairs of Justices—All Decisions

	Hallows	Heffernan	Beilfuss	C. Hansen	Hanley	R. Hansen
Wilkie	287/294=98%	288/293=98%	287/293=98%	286/293=98%	284/293=97%	280/293=96%
	Hallows	282/294=96%	285/294=97%	284/294=97%	284/294=97%	280/294=95%
		Heffernan	286/293=98%	283/293=97%	283/293=97%	281/293=96%
			Beilfuss	290/293=99%	288/293=98%	284/293=97%
				C. Hansen	287/293=98%	283/293=97%
					Hanley	288/293=98%
						R. Hansen

Agreement Between Pairs of Justices—Non-Unanimous Decisions

	Hallows	Heffernan	Beilfuss	C. Hansen	Hanley	R. Hansen
Wilkie	13/20=65%	15/20=75%	14/20=70%	13/20=65%	10/19=53%	7/20=35%
	Hallows	8/20=40%	11/20=55%	10/20=50%	9/19=47%	6/20=30%
		Heffernan	13/20=65%	10/20=50%	9/19=47%	8/20=40%
			Beilfuss	17/20=85%	14/19=74%	11/20=55%
				C. Hansen	13/19=68%	10/20=50%
					Hanley	14/19=74%
						R. Hansen

¹ *State v. Smith* is excluded.