

Agreement Among Pairs of Justices

The following tables show the percentage of cases in which every possible pair of justices found themselves on the same side in a decision—either both in the majority or both dissenting. The first table covers all cases; the second table narrows its focus to cases in which decisions were not unanimous. When reading the first table, for instance, one finds that Justices Butler and Wilcox voted together in 68% of the cases, while the figure for Justices Crooks and Roggensack was 86%.

Agreement Between Pairs of Justices—All Cases

	Bradley	Butler	Crooks	Wilcox	Prosser	Roggensack
Abrahamson	70/78= 90%	65/78= 83%	55/75= 73%	47/73= 64%	53/77= 69%	50/77= 65%
	Bradley	60/80= 75%	61/77= 79%	53/75= 71%	55/79= 70%	56/79= 71%
		Butler	62/78= 79%	52/76= 68%	56/80= 70%	59/80= 74%
			Crooks	67/74= 91%	66/77= 86%	67/78= 86%
				Wilcox	66/75= 88%	71/76= 93%
					Prosser	64/79= 81%
						Roggensack

Agreement Between Pairs of Justices—Non-Unanimous Cases

	Bradley	Butler	Crooks	Wilcox	Prosser	Roggensack
Abrahamson	28/36= 78%	23/36= 64%	15/35= 43%	9/35= 26%	12/36= 33%	9/36= 25%
	Bradley	18/38= 47%	21/37= 57%	15/37= 41%	14/38= 37%	15/38= 39%
		Butler	21/37= 57%	13/37= 35%	14/38= 37%	17/38= 45%
			Crooks	29/36= 81%	26/37= 70%	26/37= 70%
				Wilcox	28/37= 76%	32/37= 86%
					Prosser	23/38= 61%
						Roggensack